

**Sujet n°29**

*Please, do not write on this exam paper and don't forget to give it back at the end of the test.*

**FUNCTIONS**

**Investigation :**

On the scene of a crime, the officer in charge of the investigation asks the legist what the victim's temperature is. The victim's temperature is  $32^{\circ}\text{C}$ , and the temperature of the room is  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

The drop in temperature of an object in an environment is given by Newton's law .

Hence, the victim's temperature can be modelised by the function :  $T(t) = A e^{kt} + 20$  , where  $t \in [0; 24]$  represents the time, in hours, since the officer's arrival and  $T(t)$  is the victim's temperature at time  $t$  in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  $A$  and  $k$  are real constants.

Given that 30 minutes later, the victim's temperature dropped to  $31^{\circ}\text{C}$ , at what time did the crime happen ?

